URBANICE MALAYSIA

KPKT

MALAYSIA SDG CITIES

Accelerating the Progress for Local Implementation OF SDGs

NORLIZA HASHIM
CEO
Urbanice Malaysia
February 2022

URBAN THINKERS CAMPUS
THE CITY WE NEED

WORLD URBAN CAMPAIGN

URBANICE MALAYSIA

About Us

URBANICE MALAYSIA

KPKT

VISION

A Centre of Excellence for Sustainable Cities and Communities

MISSION

To localise and mainstream the sustainable urban agenda, catalyse urban solutions, foster community resilience and promote climate-actions for the sustainability of our communities and cities.

- lizahashim@gmail.com
- norliza.urbanicemalaysia@gmail.com

Malaysia Urbanisation

Malaysia became an Urban Nation in 1991 – when 50.4% of its population lives in urban areas
Urbanisation is unstoppable and the key challenge is to manage urbanization sustainably

URBANIZATION RATE FOR MALAYSIA
- 33.5% (1970), 77.8% (2018)
- 77.7% in 2021, 85% by 2040

POPULATION MALAYSIA
- 10.8 M (1970), 24 M (2002), 28 M (2010)
- 32.7 million (2021), 41.5 million (2040)

Role of Cities & City Regions

155 Local Governments

314 Urban Centres

Cities in Malaysia - important drivers of economic growth. Malaysia's 3 largest cities and its conurbation – Kuala Lumpur, Penang and Johor Bharu constitute 70% of the national population.

38%

Contribution to Malaysia's GDP

Urbanisation Challenges – Today and Tomorrow

Our demographics are changing and decreasing disparities is our focus and challenge

URBANICE MALAYSIA

Meeting our changing social needs and social structural change occurs

Year 2021

32.7 M
People

7.4%
Aged population >65

23%
Child population

69.6%
Working population (15-64)

Median age - 26

6.35 M
Total Households

4.03
Average household size

1970 – Household size was 5.5

Year 2040

41.5 M
People

14.5%
Aged population >65

28.6%
Child population

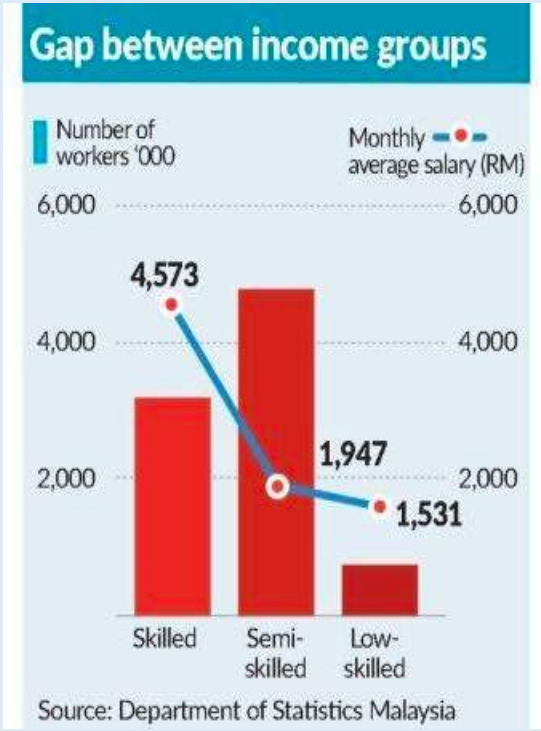
66.9%
Working population (15-64)

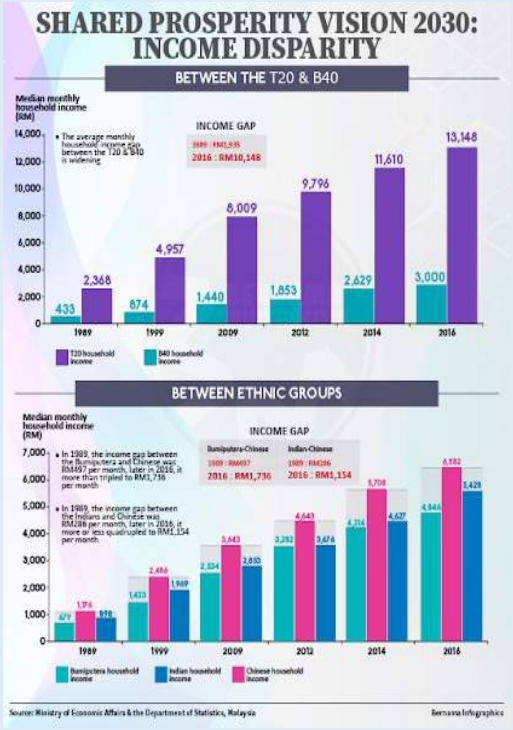
Median age - 38

10.1 M
Total Households

3.8
Average household size

We also faced increasing disparities





Malaysia Pandemic & Climate Change Impact

In the last 2 years, we have been affected by so much crisis that require more than just urgent actions

IMPACT OF THE PANDEMIC (2020)

A Health Crisis that has become a social and economic crisis

ECONOMIC IMPACT

-5.6% GDP contraction (end 2020)

4.8% unemployment rate (up to 1M loss of jobs)

40% SMEs may wind up operations

47% Self-employed workers lost their jobs

AFFECTING INCOME

-10.3% Mean Household income decline

RM 7,089 (2020), RM 7,901 (2019)

- 20% M40 shift to B40
- 12.8% T20 shift into M40
- Additional 12.5% with mean income below RM2500.00
- *Situational poverty situation*

BUILDING CITY RESILIENCE IN WINNING THE FUTURE

Building a 'New Normal' to reduce economic, social and environmental vulnerability of COVID-19.

URBANICE MALAYSIA

There is a need for urgent actions to improve people's lives and stimulate innovation towards a behavioural shift to make cities more sustainable and resilient.

A NEW URBAN PARADIGM

COVID-19 accelerated the shift towards **a new urban paradigm** towards inclusive, green and smart cities.

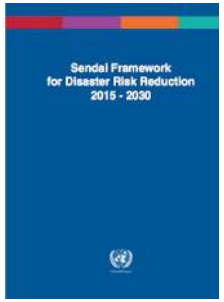
RETHINKING CITIES & URBAN POLICIES

How will cities deliver services, plan their space and resume economic growth in a life with the pandemic

A PLACE BASED & PEOPLE CENTRED APPROACHES

Civic duty and community involvement are prevailing over individual interest to protect vulnerable groups.

Fundamentals towards resilience and a new sustainable development paradigm.



The Need to implement the SDGs at all levels

The indicators has been developed by loalising global and national indicators and embed exisiting indicators

The **performance of any country**, to achieve the SDGs, depends on its leadership.

Effective leadership translates SDGS into public policy formulation and implementation, as well as good public service delivery, to meet the needs and aspirations of citizens.

Achieving the SDGs require concerted efforts of governments, the business sector, society, and individual citizens.

National Government

The Malaysia SDG Cities will provide important inputs needed to report on Voluntary National Review for SDGs, establish coherent national policies to address important urban issues and promote necessary regulatory frameworks.

State Government

The SDG Cities will allow States to measure the performance of their State in SDG implementation. Provide an opportunity to facilitate state wide planning to address challenging issues and coordinate state multiple sectoral interventions.

Local Government

The SDG City Report will provide a good opportunity for Local Actions that translates the Global Agenda to overcome local issues and to streamline State and National Polices. It will also lead to encourage Local Governments to prepare its Voluntary Local Review.

Private Sector

The SDG Cities roadmap will include the role of private sector to promote the financing and delivery of products, infrastructure, goods, and services; adopt new technologies to strengthen measures to achieve the SDGs targets.

Civil Society

The SDG Cities roadmap will open up space for engagement and participation in local decision-making and enable civil society to understand on their role and responsibilities to effect change to the SDG implementation.

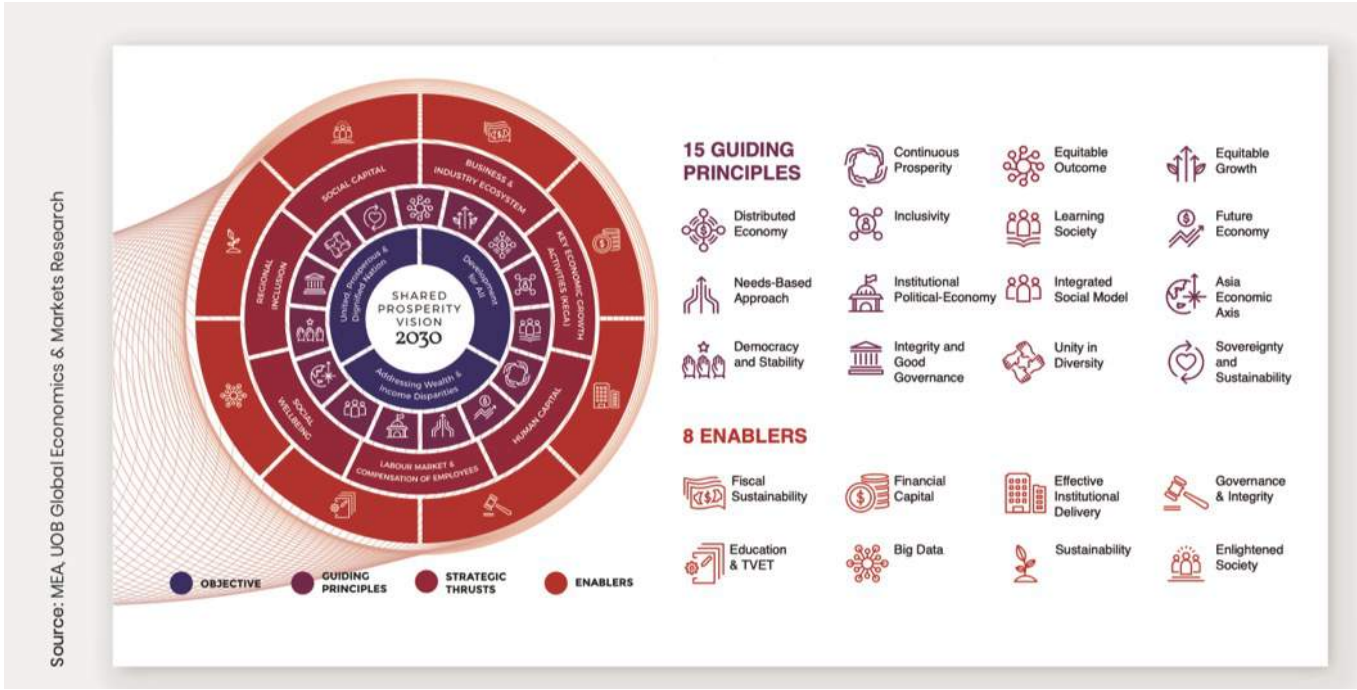
Malaysia Sustainable Development Framework

Sustainable Urbanisation

Source: Urbanice Malaysia, 2019

The Malaysia sustainable development framework targets for a Sustainable Urban Nation. It can be set its pathway by the 17 SDGs and its targets and accelerate its implementation through the New Urban Agenda effective and transformative means of implementation.

Framework of Malaysia Shared Prosperity Vision 2030



Source: MEA, UOB Global Economics & Markets Research

MALAYSIA SUSTAINABLE URBAN NATION – 12th MALAYSIA PLAN, SDGs AND NUA

URBANICE MALAYSIA

By the year 2040, about 85% of the total population is estimated to live in urban areas. Priority will be given in promoting effective urban planning and governance, fostering a sustainable urban economy, prioritising green and resilient urban development as well as developing sustainable urban society. This will promote better inclusion and enhance the wellbeing of urban dwellers. The measure also in line with the New Urban Agenda (NUA) to support the 2030 Agenda ….page 6-16 12MP

RMK12
A Prosperous, Inclusive and Sustainable Malaysia

Theme 1
Resetting the Economy

Theme 2
Strengthening Security, Wellbeing and Inclusivity

Theme 3
Advancing Sustainability

Game Changer I
Imperatives for Reform and Transformation

Game Changer II
Catalysing Strategic and High Impact Industries to Boost Economic Growth

Game Changer III
Transforming Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as the New Driver of Growth

Game Changer IV
Enhancing National Security and Unity for Nation-Building

Game Changer V
Revitalising the Healthcare System in Ensuring a Healthy and Productive Nation

Game Changer VI
Transforming the Approach in Eradicating Hardcore Poverty

Game Changer VII:
Multiplying Growth in Less Developed States especially Sabah and Sarawak to Reduce Development Gap

Game Changer VIII
Embracing the Circular Economy

Game Changer IX
Accelerating Adoption of Integrated Water Resources Management

POLICY ENABLERS

Policy Enabler 1
Developing Future talent

Policy Enabler 2
Accelerating Technology Adoption and Innovation

Policy Enabler 3
Enhancing Connectivity and Transport Infrastructure

Policy Enabler 4
Strengthening the Public Service

Game Changer X:
Improving TVET Ecosystem to Produce Future-Ready Talent

Game Changer XI:
Enhancing Digital Connectivity for Inclusive Development

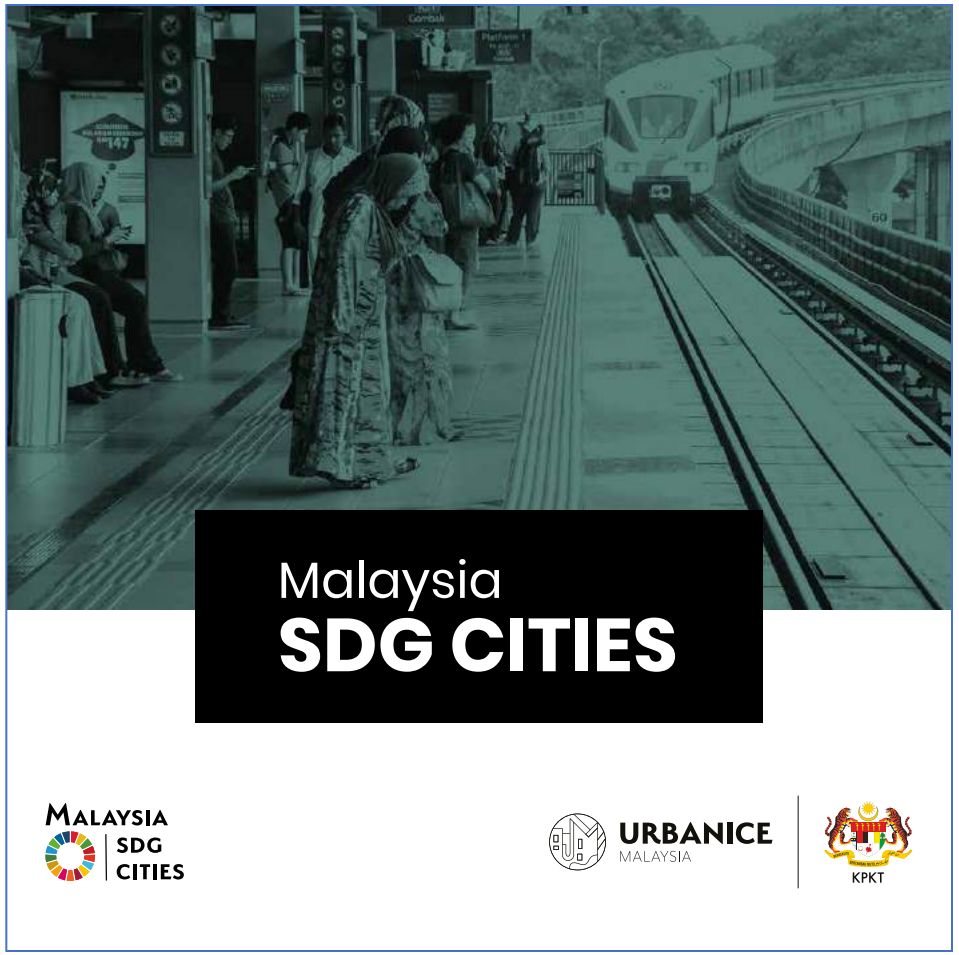
Game Changer XII
Aligning Research and Development towards Commercialisation, Wealth Generation and Economic Growth

Game Changer XIII
Transforming the Logistics Ecosystem for Greater Efficiency

Game Changer XIV
Transforming the Public Service through the Whole-of-Government Approach

The Malaysia SDG Cities

A framework to guide cities to prepare their Roadmap Towards a Sustainable City



Launched on the 29th September 2020 by Prime Minister of Malaysia @ MUF2020

In localizing the SDGs, the Malaysia SDG Cities will adapt, implement and monitor the SDGs goals and targets at the local level.

Aligning To National & State Policies And Plans

To implement the National SDG Roadmap for Malaysia, the need to align local SDGs programs and initiatives with State and National is important. This will support a bottom-up process, where the City Roadmap and Voluntary Local Reviews by Local Governments will provide the mechanism for implementation and monitoring.

Vertical Integration

National

Policies, Blueprints, Development Plans and Voluntary National Reviews

State

Policies, State Development Plans and State Sustainable Agenda

Local

Local Plans, Strategic Plans, Action Plans, Guidelines, Rules and Regulations.

- City Voluntary Local Review
- SDG Cities Report
- Community Programs and Initiatives

About Malaysia SDG Cities Roadmap

Why Malaysian Cities Need SDG Cities Roadmap?

To uplift the standards and status of Local Governments –
Malaysia SDG Cities will assist Local Governments to align its operations goals and objectives with the sustainable agenda to ensure cities and communities priorities are achieved.

1. Set local priorities and focus attention on urgent urban challenges to harness future opportunities
2. Develop an Action Plan to match the SDG and synchronized and align with National, State and Local development agendas.
3. Strengthen role of Local Governments to monitor, evaluate and report SDG progress to national and state level
4. Raise local government awareness, commitment and capacities towards sustainable agenda
5. Create a platform for Partnership to mobilize and empower stakeholders to identify practical integrated and innovative Solutions
6. Facilitate local government access to funding resources and develop business models to finance SDGs actions

The Ministry (KPKT) and SDGs

The indicators has been developed by loalising global and national indicators and embed exisiting indicators

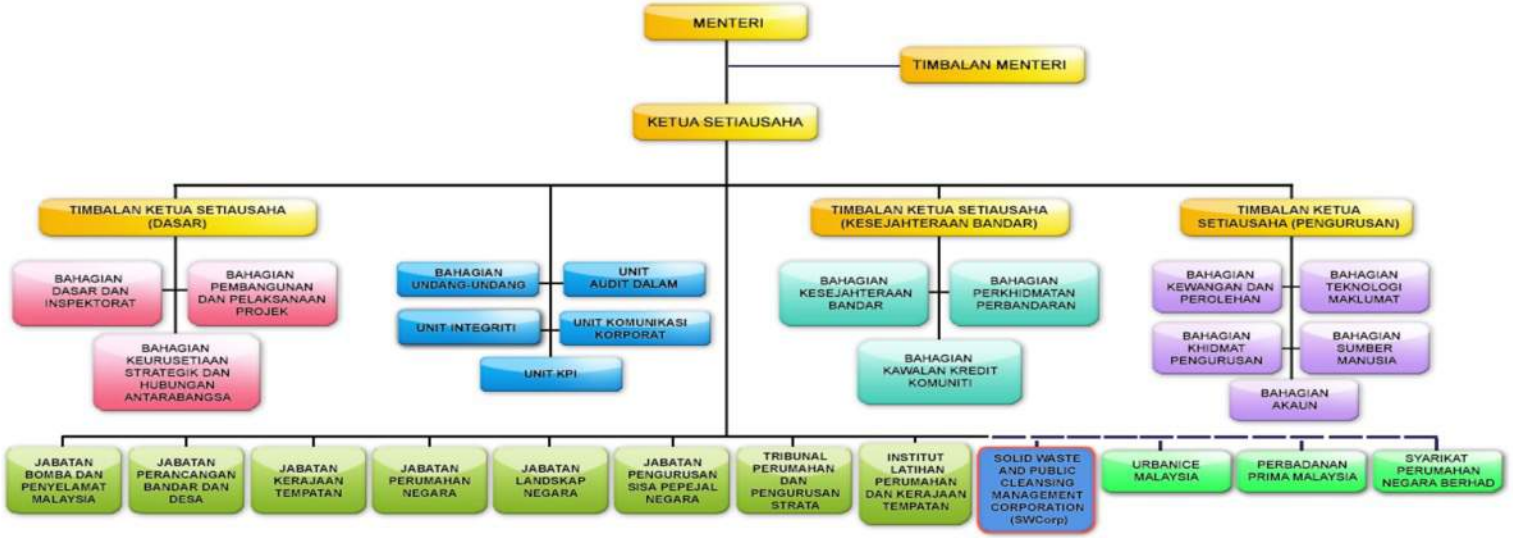
Directly Related

Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable

Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns

End poverty in all its forms everywhere

13/17 SDGs



Contributing to National SDGs Achievement

End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture

Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages

Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts

Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalise the global partnership for sustainable development

Strategic Planning

Ensure quality education and learning opportunities for all

Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all

Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all

Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainab economic growth full and productive employment and decent work for all

Conserve and sustainably use the oceans , seas and marine resources for sustainable development

Promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems

Local Government and the SDGs

Functions of Local Government and its Relationship to SDGs

155
Local Government

KEY STAKEHOLDERS

COMMUNITY
COMMUNITY, VISITORS, NGO'S, INTERESTED PUBLIC

ECONOMIC CATALYST
INDUSTRY, COMMERCE, BUSINESS AND RETAIL

RESOURCE PROVIDER
INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER LEARNINGS R&D CENTRES

LOCAL AUTHORITIES
MAYORS, COUNCILLORS AND ALL LA STAFF MEMBERS

CURRENT FUNCTION (ACT 171)

GOVERNANCE
SDG 5, SDG7, SDG10

HEALTH & PUBLIC SAFETY
SDG 3, SDG6, SDG16

PLANNING & COMMUNAL
SDG 11, SDG 12, SDG13, SDG14, SDG15

BUSINESS
SDG 7, SDG8, SDG9

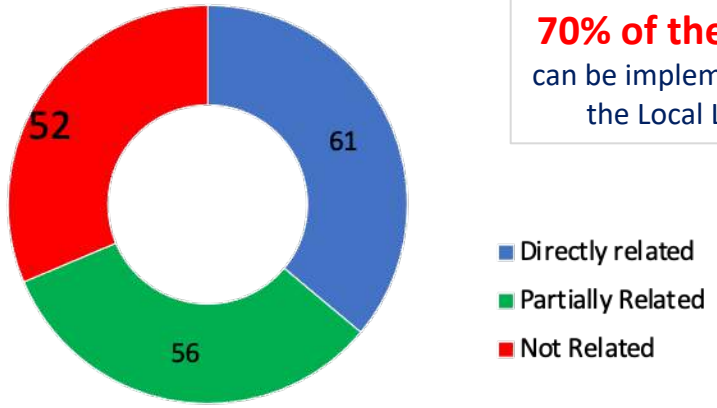
INDIVIDUAL SERVICE
SDG1, SDG2, SDG4

ROAD & DRAINS INFRASTRUCTURE
SDG 11

Local Government Role and Function + the 17 SDGs and 169 Targets

169 SDG targets are either directly/partially/not related to the role and function of Malaysia's Local Government

The Role & Function of Malaysia Local Government in Implementing the SDG Targets



70% of the SDGs
can be implemented at the Local Level

61 of SDG targets (36%) are directly related to the role and functions of Local Governments in Malaysia to implement the SDGs.

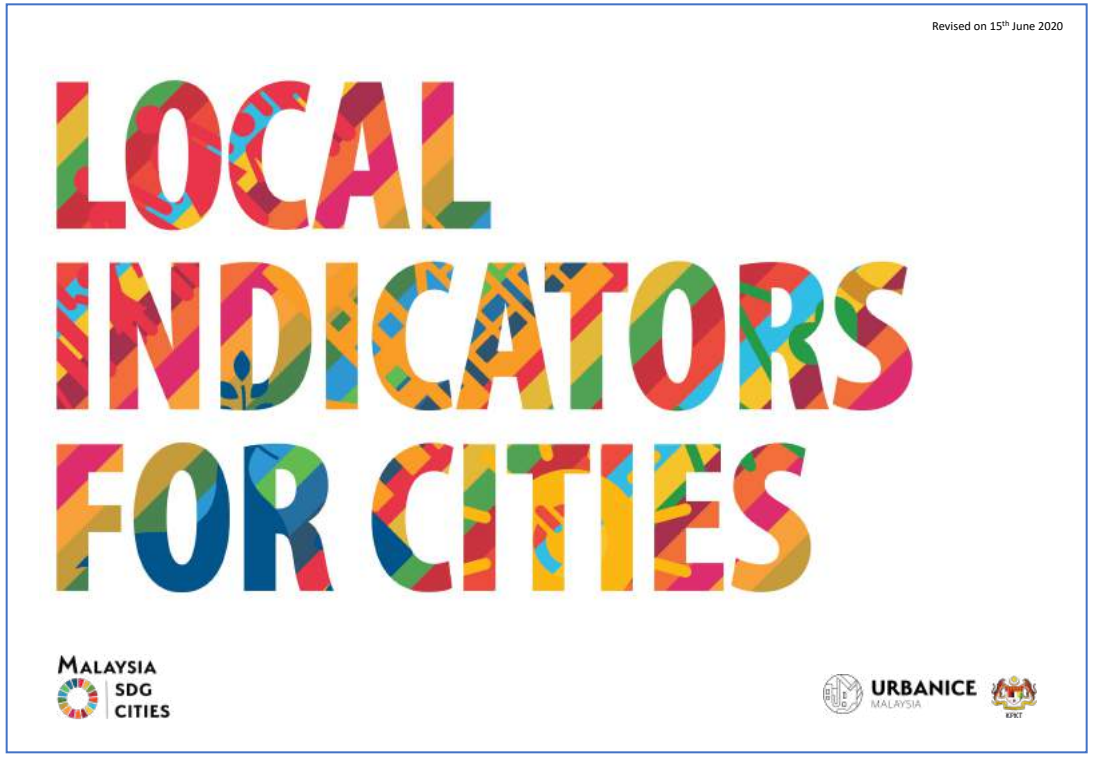
SDG 11 has the highest number of targets directly related with Malaysia local government role and Functions.

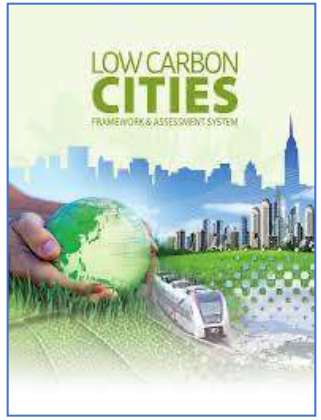
Thus, Malaysia Local Governments play the important position in implementing SDG 11 (Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable).

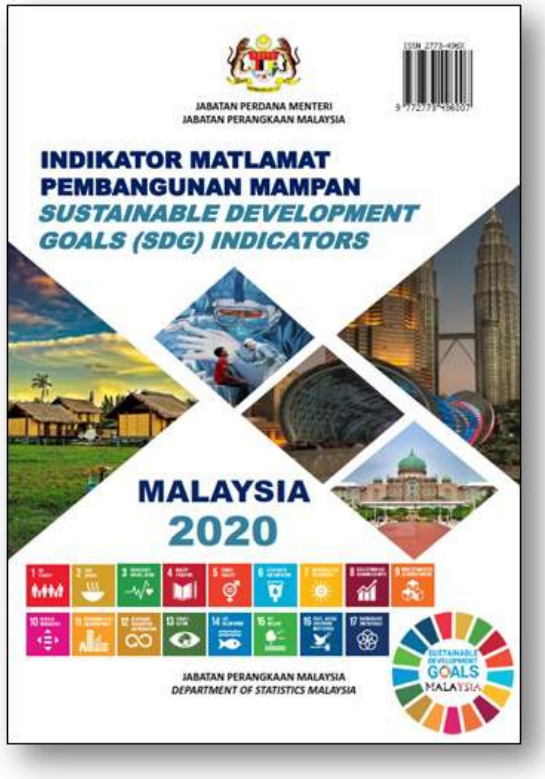
Role & Function of Local Government			SDGs Targets																
SDG Targets		(%)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Directly related	61	36.09	2	0	1	1	1	8	0	4	4	3	9	8	2	4	6	4	5
Partially Related	55	32.55	4	3	4	5	3	0	5	6	3	2	0	2	2	5	4	3	4
Not Related	53	31.36	1	5	8	4	5	0	0	2	1	5	1	1	1	1	2	5	10
Total targets	**169**	**100**	**7**	**8**	**13**	**10**	**9**	**8**	**5**	**12**	**8**	**10**	**10**	**11**	**5**	**10**	**12**	**12**	**19**

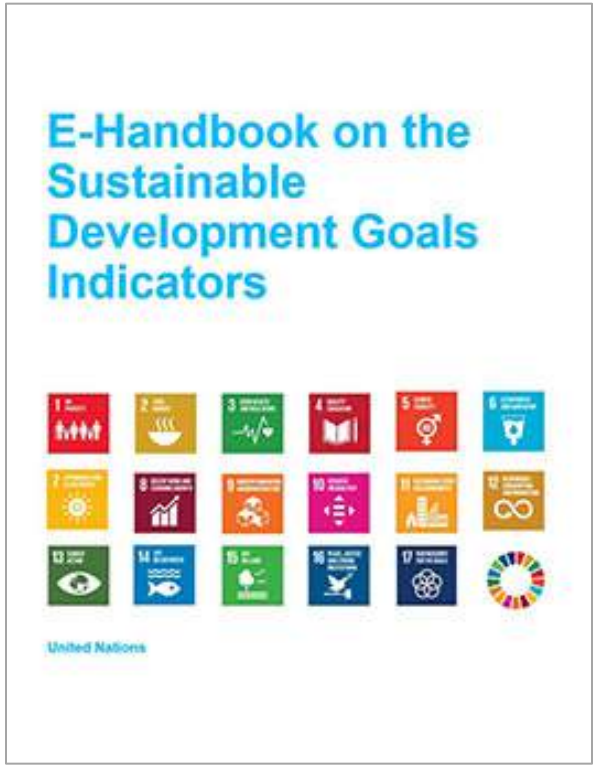
Measuring with Local Indicators

The indicators has been developed by loalising global and national indicators and embed existing indicators









VISION, ACTIONS AND STRATEGIES

A Dynamic Multi-Stage Process, Engaging Stakeholders and Aligning to Global Goals and National Aspirations

VISION

- National/State Sustainable Agenda
- Local Shared Vision

SUSTAINABILITY GOALS

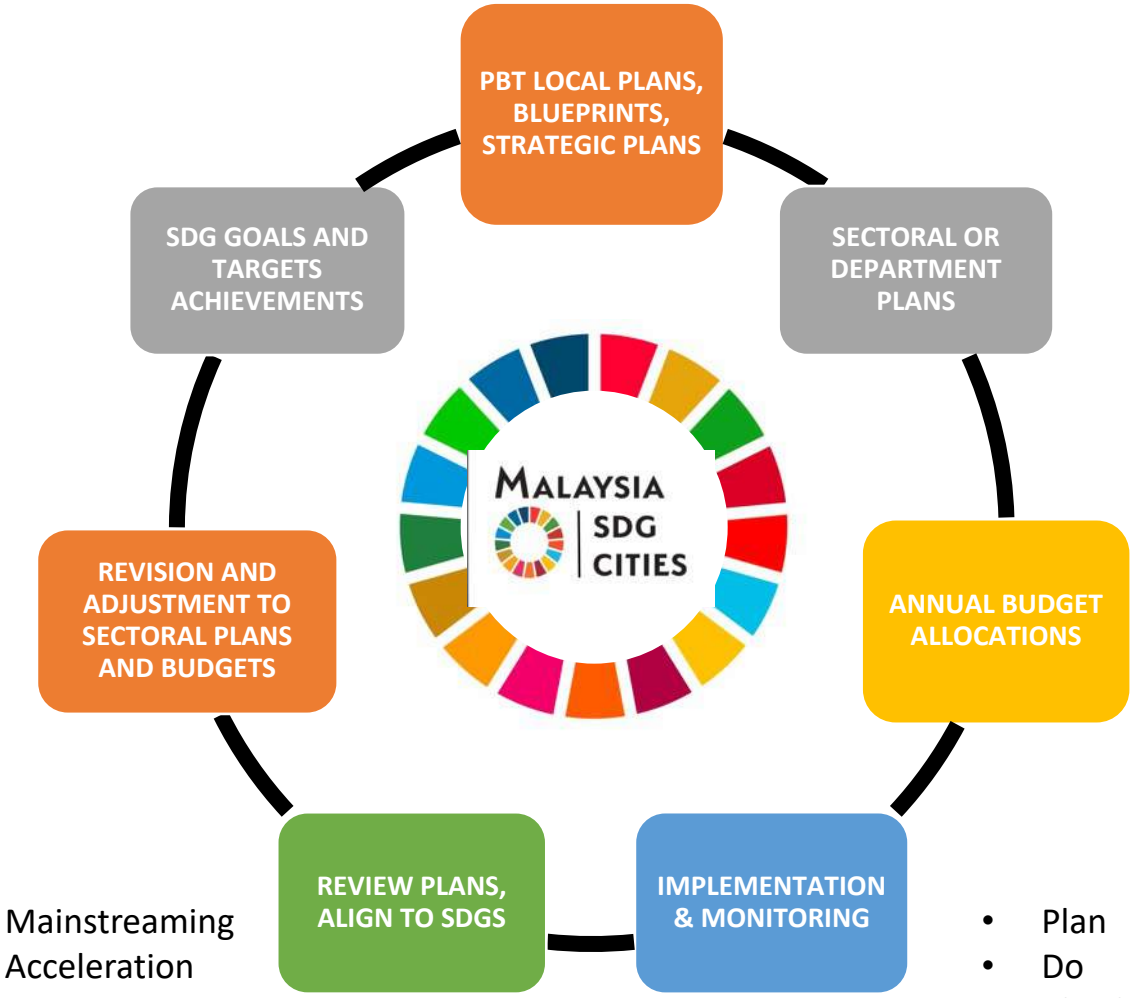
- PRIORITISE SDGs
- Prioritize Targets
- Match With Resources
- Integration of Goals For Effectiveness

LOCAL AREA ACTIONS & STRATEGIES

- Basic Needs First
- Low Hanging Fruits
- Specific Substantive Priorities
- Match with Resources
- Intervene with Accelerator Program for Implementation

PARTICIPATORY PLANNING & IMPLEMENTATION

- Partnership
- Collaboration



- Mainstreaming
- Acceleration
- Support

- Plan
- Do
- Check

Developing the City SDG Roadmap and Action Plan – 3+1 Process

URBANICE MALAYSIA

MALAYSIA SDG CITIES

CITY PROFILING & DIAGNOSTIC

1. City Data Review

Baselines information of City.
Challenges and Issues
Existing Blueprints and Development Plans
Current Roll-out Plans and Its Phase of Implementation

2. Mapping and Alignment to the SDG's and to the NUA and recognizing many activities are compatible with the SDG's and NUA

3. Gap Analysis

Where do we have gaps in the current activity.

CITY VISIONING

1. Engage Key Stakeholders

Collective review of current city's policies and strategies.
Collective View on Best Policies to accelerate progress and initiatives.

2. Setting Priorities

Collective views on local priorities for immediate actions.

2. Key City Indicators

Setting key indicators for the city.

CITY SDG LOCAL ACTIONS & ROADMAP

1. SDG Local Action

Develop action plans for the localisation of SDGs and NUA

2. Setting Goals for the City.

Set the base year and its targeted years for achievements.

2. Roadmap and Action Plans

Develop a timeline for the implementation of the local actions.
Identify partners for implementation.
Identify key outcomes.
City Programs and Projects

4. Accreditation

Local accreditation for SDG localisation

+

CITY VOLUNTARY LOCAL REVIEW

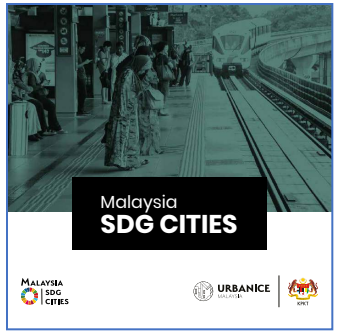
1. Commitments for VLR

Identify Local Commitments to SDGs that is shared for VLR.

2. Mapping local needs to global goals - An opportunity to emphasize individual programs or initiatives highlight the City's initiatives, plan and targeted achievements.

3. Setting up formal/informal mechanism for continued integration of SDGs
Highlights specific local challenges and how the actions overcomes them.

Malaysia SDG Cities and VLR – Towards 2030 Achievements



2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 **2030**

SDG City Report and Roadmap

Implementation Plans via
- *Local Plan*
- *Strategic Plan*
- *PBT Programs and Projects*

Periodic Review

Progressive Measuring and Monitoring

Partnership

Co-ownership and Self-operating

CITY VLR REPORT

2020 2022 2023 2026 2028 **2030**

City's SDG Progress ***City's SDG Progress***

Voluntary reporting on SDG progress at the High Level Political Forum in New York every year
Sharing of progress at Malaysia Urban Forum and World Urban Forum

Malaysia Voluntary National Review

2020 2021 2025 2029 **2030**

National SDG Progress ***National SDG Progress*** ***National SDG Progress***

As a Member State, Malaysia is obligated to report on its SDGs achievements
It is the aspiration and requirement that there is integration between both VNR and VLRs prepared by cities in Malaysia

Measuring the SDGs Cities Performance in Malaysia

A framework to guide cities to prepare their Roadmap Towards a Sustainable City

- **3 KEY OUTCOMES** *for* **Malaysia SDG Cities**

Outcome 1

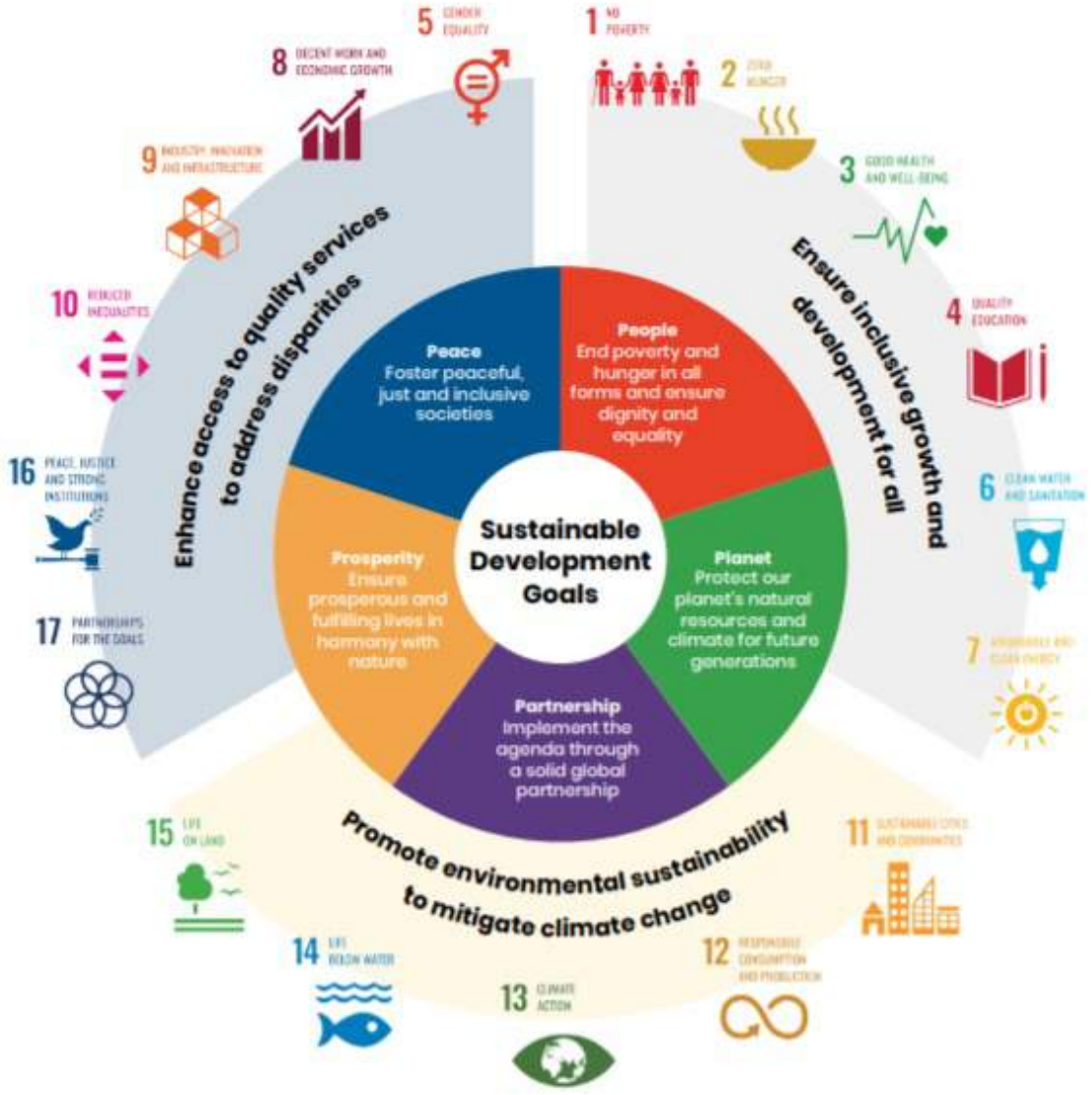
- **Ensure Inclusive Growth and Development for All**
- **SDG 1, SDG 2, SDG 3, SDG 4, SDG 6, SDG 7**

Outcome 2

- **Enhance access to quality services to address disparities**
- **SDG 5, SDG 8, SDG 9, SDG 10, SDG 16, SDG 17**

Outcome 3

- **Promote Environmental Sustainability to Mitigate Climate Chang**
- **SDG 11, SDG 12, SDG 13, SDG 14, SDG 15**



BRINGING IN THE DIMENSION OF NEW URBAN AGENDA

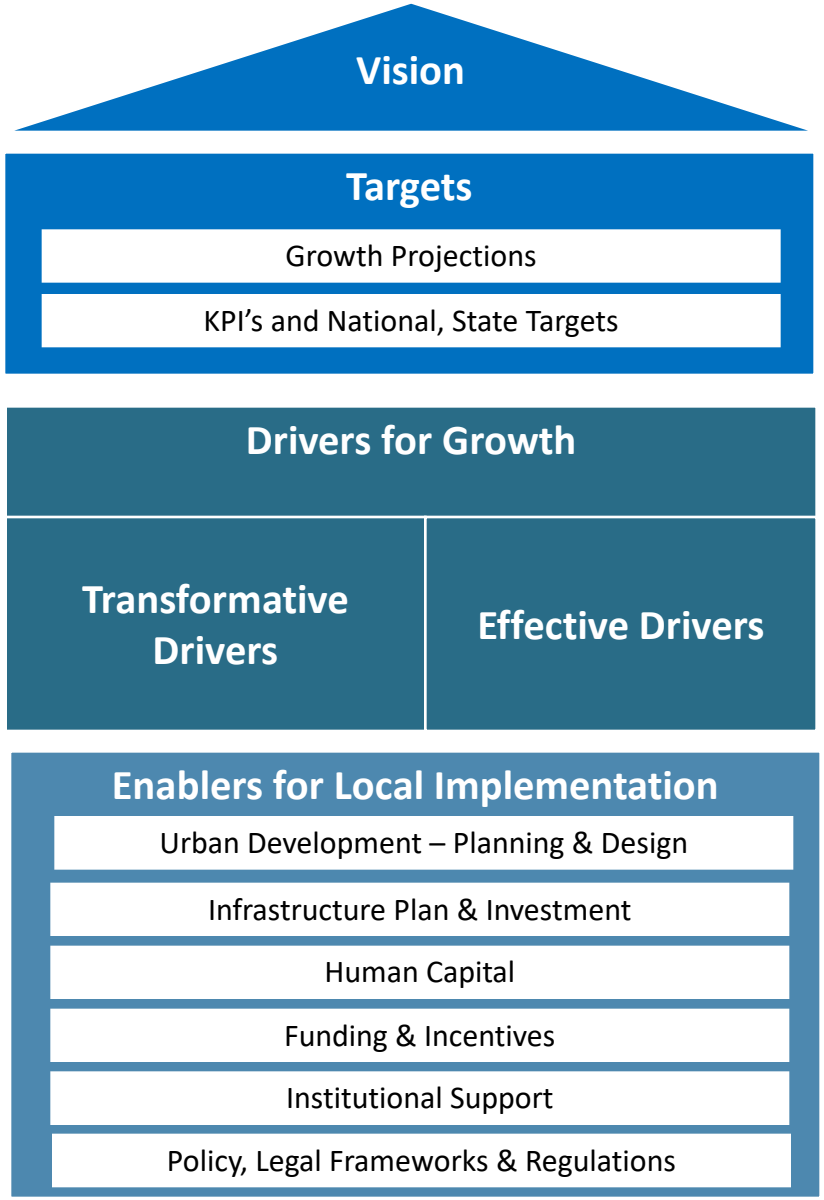
NUA as the Means to develop the roadmap and action plans to achieve the SDGs

Transformative

Economic Drivers & Jobs
Social Sustainability
Natural Assets & Environment

Effective

Spatial & Physical Planning
Governance



Vision Statement

Vision Statement is normally supported by :
Principles/ Values to translate/explain the Vision

Targets

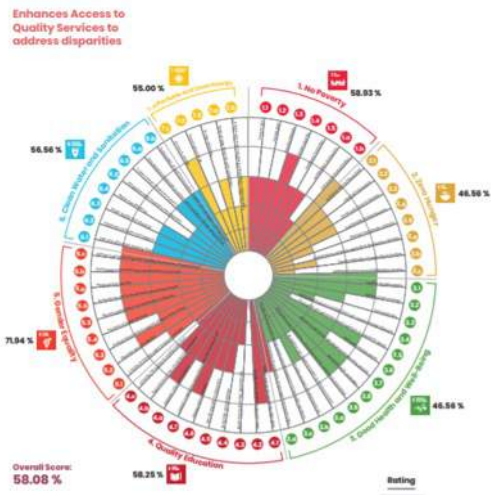
Growth Projections
Economic targets, Population & Employment Targets

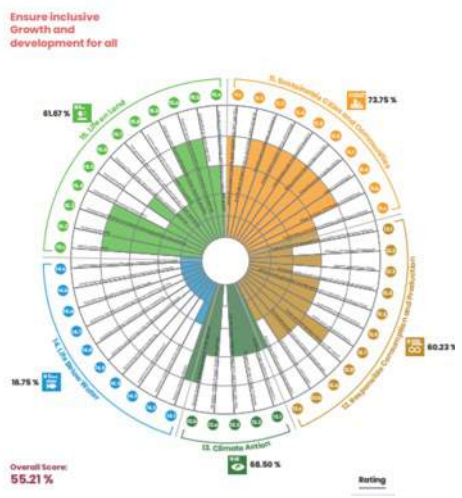
KPI's
National, State and Local Targets

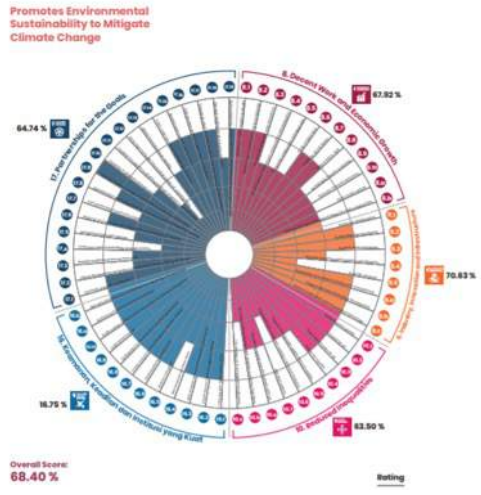
Future of Growth Trajectories
Natural Growth
Medium Growth
High Growth

Stakeholders Engagement

Engagement with the City Council's key stakeholders aims to understand and identify the current and future needs and the alignment needed to fulfil the 2030 Agenda.







Malaysia SDG Cities Stakeholders Engagement Plan

Engagement methods and process

- Workshops
- Group Discussions
- Online surveys
- Interviews

Who are involved?

1. Communities – Residents, Tourists, etc.
2. Businesses & Industries
3. Academia
4. Professionals
5. Non-government organizations

The Shah Alam stakeholders

1. Mayor and Council Members
2. Top management / Heads of Dept.
3. Officers
4. Shah Alam Green Ambassadors

Streamlining SDG Roadmap and Projects

Aligning to Policies, Implementation Plans and Budgets

URBANICE MALAYSIA

MALAYSIA SDG CITIES

NATIONAL POLICIES & BLUERPINTS

MINISTRY & FEDERAL AGENCIES

STATE STRUCTURE PLAN
Rancangan Struktur Negeri

STATE & STATE AGENCIES

LOCAL PLAN
Rancangan Tempatan PBT

DISTRICT WIDE
Keseluruhan Daerah
STRATEGIES & DEVELOPMENT CONTROL

ACTION AREA PLAN
Rancangan Kawasan Khas

SPECIAL AREA PLAN
Management Plan, Action Impementation Plan
Project and Budgets

LOCAL GOVERNMENT STRATEGIC PLAN
Pelan Strategik PBT

PBT Operational Work Plan
PBT Budget Plan
PBT Projecst and Programs

STATE POLICY ACTION PLAN
Pelan Tindakan Dasar Negeri

PBT PROJECTS AND PROGRAMS

DEVELOPMENT BUDGET (SDG RELATED)

SDG CITY ROADMAP
SDG PROJECTS

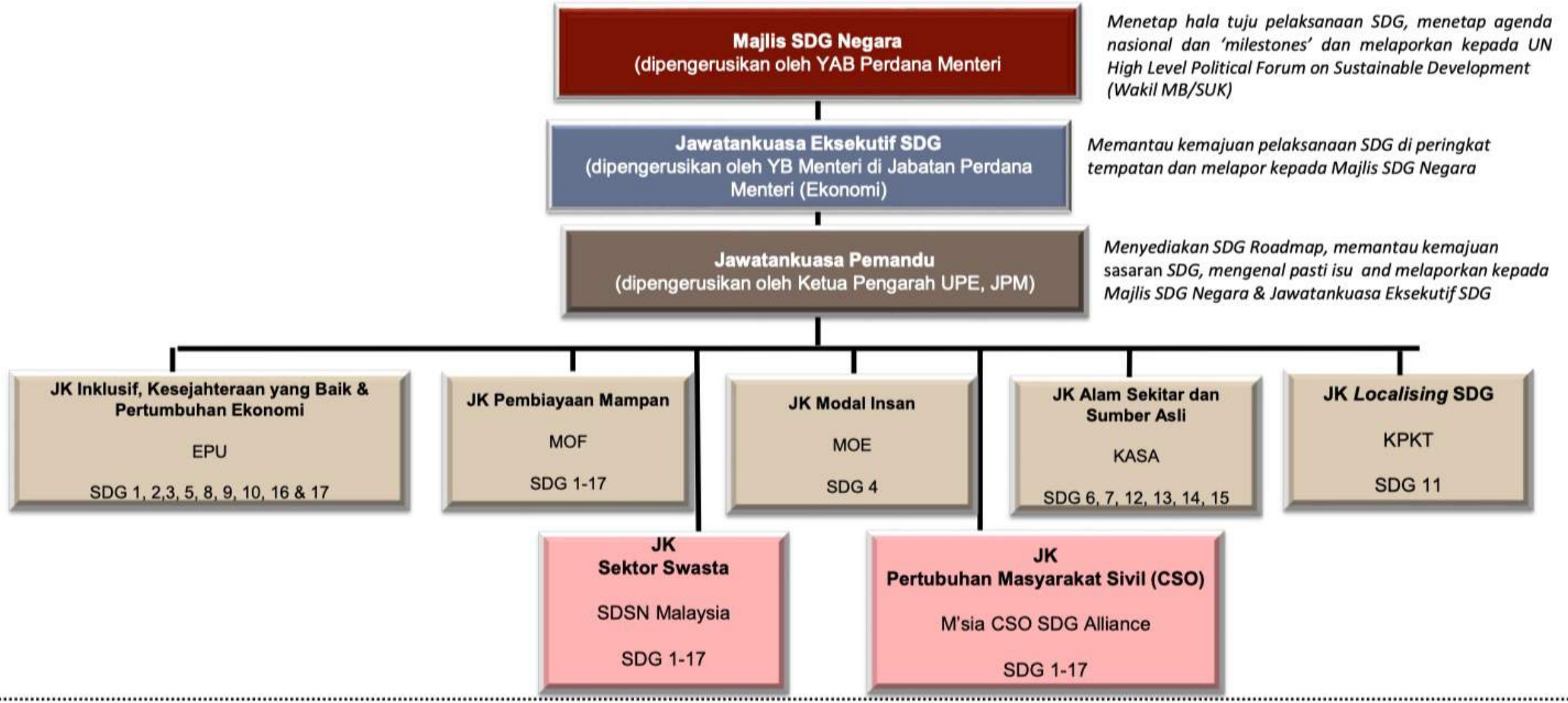
And Policies Related To Growth & Development

GLOBAL SDG FUNDS

LOCAL & GLOBAL RECOGNITION

SDG Governance

Localizing SDGs is the key responsibility of KPKT



Private Sectors - ESGs and their inter-linked to SDGs

ESG represents the environmental, social and governance aspects for corporate management and growth.

SDG: Sustainable Development Goal UN: United Nations

Private Sectors – Measuring SDGs for Specific Sectors

Urbanice Malaysia also undertakes SDG measurements for private sectors

KUALA LUMPUR CONVENTION CENTRE

URBANICE MALAYSIA

Initiative and Program

a. Food Waste Management

- partner with Food Aid Foundation to donate surplus food and ingredients to provide nutrition to marginalised community
- donated over 750 kg of fresh produce and surplus food to Food Aid Donation
- launched "Love Food, Hate Waste" campaign

b. Waste Management

- increase public awareness of the safe disposal of Household Hazardous Waste (HHW)
- set up collection point is located at Centre Core, KLCC
- Recycle and store for suitable disposal method by contracted professional company

c. Single-Use Plastics

- trolley jackets are used to replace clingfilm used for transportation of food
- trolley jackets are used to replace clingfilm used for transportation of food

d. Energy Management

- building was designed to make the most of natural in all pre-function areas
- The Centre is fitted with energy -saving LED throughout the venue.
- The Centre's entire façade of glass panels are laminated with window films to reduce solar heat
- Covered link bridge connects the Centre to leading hotels and places of attractions

e. Water Conservation and Management

- installed a rain water harvest system on its roof top
- equipped with automatically activated aerated and spring loaded water taps

f. Environmentally Friendly Sourcing

- Environmentally Friendly Sourcing
- ensures minimal pesticide usage and all products meet governmental

g. Industry Support

- launched a Precinct-wide Sustainability Taskforce that comprised of the top managements of the PETRONAS Twin Towers, KLCC Park, Suria KLCC Shopping Mall, Mandarin Oriental Hotel, Traders Hotel and Impiana KLCC Hotel
- Centre's Sustainability Taskforce will help and guide organisers to adopt sustainable and environmentally friendly event.
- tree-planting initiative

g. Community Support

- sponsored of two dialysis machines
- planting over 3,000 trees
- sponsorship for over 40 mentally and physically challenged teenagers for a national IT tournament.

g. Building Champions of Change

- create awareness amongst its team in order to bring about a change in mindset and behavior and to make each and every one a champion of change for mother earth.

Initiative and Program

2005, June	Aligned to Earthcheck benchmark Set 2020 Environmental Goals
2007	Awarded ISO 14001:2004
2009	Awarded Earthcheck Bronze
2010	Awarded ISO 14001:2015
2018	Awarded ISO 45001:2019
2019	Awarded Earthcheck Silver Aligned to United Nations
2020	Sustainability Development Goals 1st venue in Malaysia to partner with Food Aid Foundation
2021	Set up Exhibition Waste Task Force Set up Precinct Sustainability Task Force
2022	Adopted the ASM Global Acts Goals

SDG targets Aligned with KL Convention Centre Sustainable efforts

- 2.1: end hunger and ensure access by all people
- 3.9: substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals
- 6.4: substantially increase water-use efficiency
- 7.3: double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency
- 8.9 promote sustainable tourism
- 11.2 provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems
- 12.1 Sustainable Consumption and Production Patterns
  12.3 halve per capita global food waste
  12.4: the environmentally sound management of chemicals
  12.5: reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse
- 15.1 ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial
- 17.17 Encourage and promote effective public, public private and civil society partnerships,

ACCELERATING SDGs THROUGH FORUMS, PLATFORMS & PROJECTS

Urbanice Malaysia Key Programs to accelerate localization & implementation of SDGs

URBANICE MALAYSIA

MALAYSIA SDG CITIES

Malaysia Urban **Innovation Hub**

- **Housing & Communities**
- **Sustainable Urban Micro-Mobility**
- **Urban Systems and Services**

- **MUF 2019, MUF 2020, MUF 2021**
- **Asia Pacific Forum**
- **Urban Labs – Better Cities**

- **CCR DIGITAL PLATFORM**
- **GRPB**

SDG CENTRE KUALA LUMPUR

A collaborative effort with KL City Hall

KL Library
Physical Space

Digital Twin
Platform

The 5 Key Functions of the SDG Centre

Community Centre:
To channel activities and programmes on local current issues related to the SDGs

Data Centre:
To gather, analyse and compile relevant SDG data indicators that will assist in the planning and urban regeneration of Kuala Lumpur

Innovation and Launchpad Centre:
To encourage idea creation and innovation towards solving pertinent issues in the city

Knowledge Centre:
To inform and present reports of various programme initiatives in Kuala Lumpur related to the 17 SDGs

SDGCENTRE Kuala Lumpur

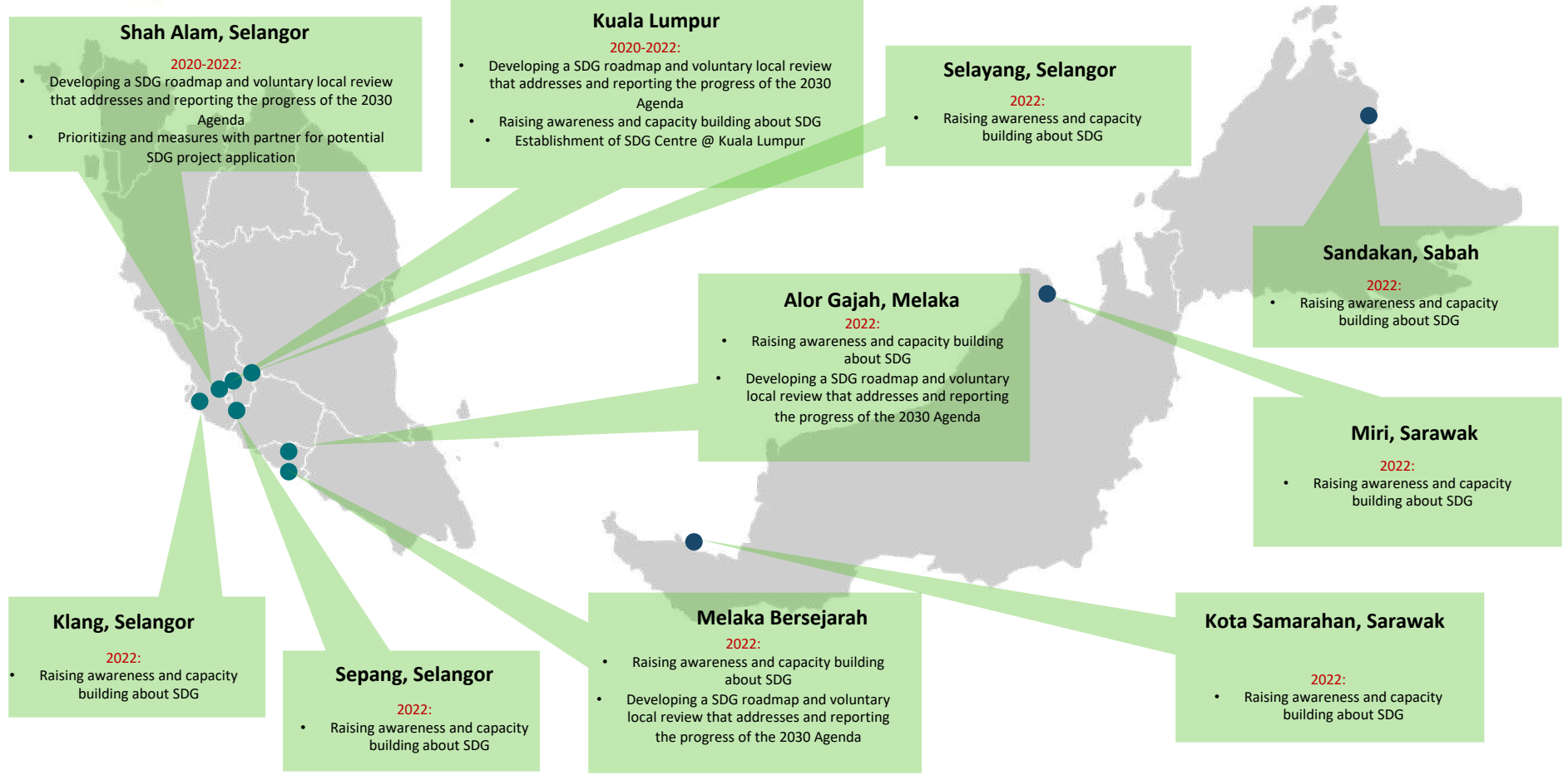
Partnership Centre:
To establish partnerships and collaborations with global, regional and local organizations/institutions working on SDGs and ensure its successes

The SDG Centre Kuala Lumpur will accelerate the Decade of Action to deliver the Global Goals

MALAYSIA SDG CITIES NETWORK

10 Cities have committed to Malaysia SDG Cities and this will be an important milestone to Malaysian cities.

The Malaysia SDG Cities city Networks has expanded to almost 10 cities in Malaysia ranging from capacity building to aligning the local actions to SDGs



Shah Alam, Selangor

2020-2022:

- Developing a SDG roadmap and voluntary local review that addresses and reporting the progress of the 2030 Agenda
- Prioritizing and measures with partner for potential SDG project application

Kuala Lumpur

2020-2022:

- Developing a SDG roadmap and voluntary local review that addresses and reporting the progress of the 2030 Agenda
- Raising awareness and capacity building about SDG
- Establishment of SDG Centre @ Kuala Lumpur

Selayang, Selangor

2022:

- Raising awareness and capacity building about SDG

Sandakan, Sabah

2022:

- Raising awareness and capacity building about SDG

Alor Gajah, Melaka

2022:

- Raising awareness and capacity building about SDG
- Developing a SDG roadmap and voluntary local review that addresses and reporting the progress of the 2030 Agenda

Miri, Sarawak

2022:

- Raising awareness and capacity building about SDG

Klang, Selangor

2022:

- Raising awareness and capacity building about SDG

Sepang, Selangor

2022:

- Raising awareness and capacity building about SDG

Melaka Bersejarah

2022:

- Raising awareness and capacity building about SDG
- Developing a SDG roadmap and voluntary local review that addresses and reporting the progress of the 2030 Agenda

Kota Samarahan, Sarawak

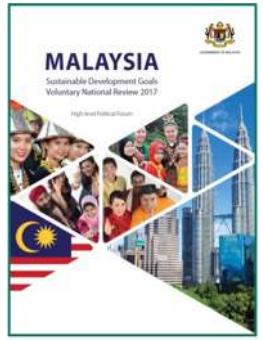
2022:

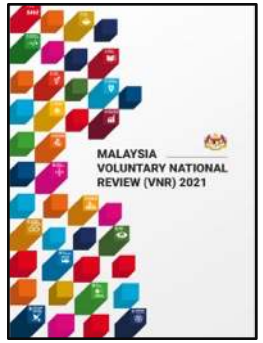
- Raising awareness and capacity building about SDG

Malaysia : Where We Are Today

Our commitment towards the 2030 Agenda

VNR





Embed National Development Plans, National Policies & National Economic Blueprints.

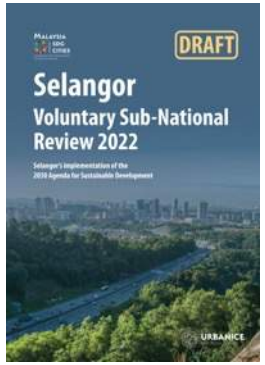
VNR 2021 –Whole of nation approach

99 Indicators available

126 Indicators available

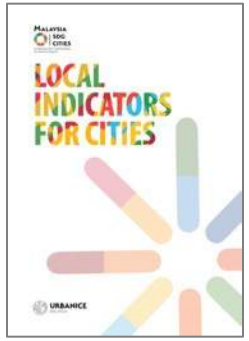
Department of Statistics Malaysia – national focal point for SDGs data collection.
National indicators are aligned to the 247 global SDG Indicators

VSR SDG CITY



Draft VSR is in progress.
Align to National Policies & SDGs targets
Collaborate with City Councils on local SDGs actions review.

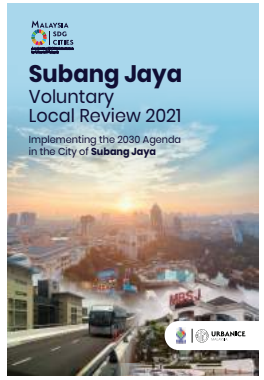
126 Indicators available

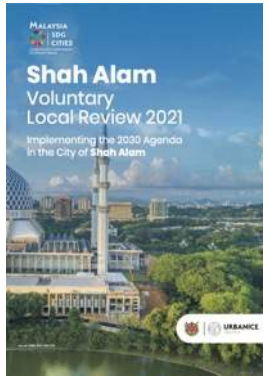


107 City Indicators

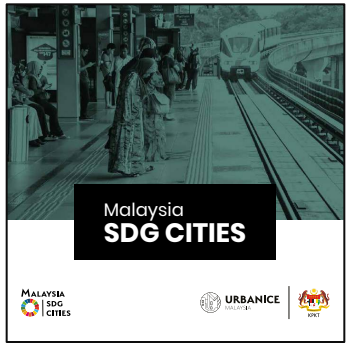
State VSR refers to National Indicators, Selangor State sustainable targets and localizes its data and refers to Local Indicators for its cities.

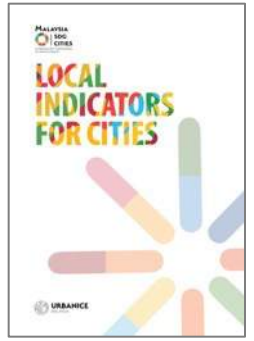
VLR





The 1st VSR
Align to National Policies
& SDGs targets
Collaborate with City Councils on local SDGs actions





107 City Indicators
Quantitative & Qualitative

Program
Projects
Local initiatives
Local stakeholders input

39 Murninet indicators

12 Low Carbon City indicators

22 Smart City indicators

34 *New indicators*